Wednesday, July 22, 2009 Contact Jim Hubbard (202) 225-2671

(WASHINGTON) - Congressman Russ Carnahan (MO-3) supports a renewed law to get our federal budget under control - a crucial part to strengthen the American economy. Today the U.S. House of Representatives passed the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act 2009, co-sponsored by Congressman Carnahan, which requires Congress to offset the costs of tax cuts or increases in entitlement spending with savings elsewhere in the budget.

"By restoring 'pay-as-you-go' budget discipline as the law of the land, we are returning to the basic rule for every family budget: you don't spend money you don't have," said Congressman Carnahan.

The measure passed today is similar to the PAYGO law Democrats put in place in the 1990s, which helped reverse huge deficits of the Reagan-Bush years, create budget surpluses, and produce an economic boom.

"This is a crucial step to restore fiscal discipline, force the tough choices on taxes and spending, and begin bringing down the deep deficits that face our nation," said Carnahan.

Without reducing the deficit, we will be limited in our ability to invest in vital priorities, including health care, education, and clean energy, critical to our economic future."

The Republican-controlled Congress let these rules expire in 2002, contributing to the dramatic shift from a projected surplus of \$5.6 trillion to projected deficits of \$4.5 trillion. Congressman Carnahan, as an original co-sponsor of PAYGO legislation, has demonstrated a strong commitment to fiscal responsibility:

- Voting for a budget that cuts the deficit by two-thirds in four years;
- Voting for the clean-energy bill that is fully paid for;
- Working on a fully paid for health care reform bill the single most important thing we can do to bring down long-term deficits.

The bill requires Congress to offset or pay for all new policies that reduce revenues or expand entitlement spending over five and ten years; discretionary spending is not subject to PAYGO, and exceptions can be made for emergencies. If the net effect of all new tax and entitlement legislation enacted during a session of Congress increased the deficit, there would be an

across-the-board cut in certain mandatory programs.

This proposal is realistic and enforceable; allowing Congress to maintain a few key widely supported bipartisan current policies without offsets - Medicare physician payments, Alternative Minimum Tax, middle-class tax cuts, and the current estate tax rate.

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